

Patrick's Day and the calendars appeared done in green ink.

MILLER IS ASKED BY UNTERMYER TO HOLD LEGISLATURE

Pleads for Passage of Three Measures—Attacks Lobby Working at Albany.

Samuel Untermyer, counsel to the Lockwood Committee, made public today a letter he sent to Gov. Miller last night in which he asks the Governor to exercise his power to the end that the Legislature shall not adjourn until it has passed the bills creating a State Trade Commission, granting the people the right of appeal from the action of the courts in dismissing indictments against combinations of profiteers and requiring Judges to inflict prison sentences upon persons convicted of violation of the anti-trust laws. The adjournment of the legislative session has been set for to-night.

Mr. Untermyer in his letter to the Governor charges that lobbyists in the employ of violators of the anti-trust laws have been working in the Legislature and he implies that their work has been effective. Concerning the bill which would make prison sentences mandatory, Mr. Untermyer wrote:

"In refusing to impose such sentences in the aggravated cases that have come before them, of which there are many, I believe the courts have abused their discretion and regret to have to say that there is every reason for fearing that they may continue to do so. The anti-trust laws either were or were not intended to be criminal statutes, and they are being regarded as petty, semi-respectable offenses."

"Upon 225 pleas of guilty by individuals, firms and corporations there were only twenty-two prison sentences imposed in this class of cases, of which eighteen cases were from terms of ninety days—in only one case—to five days in the City Prison and four cases in the Federal Court of which three sentences were for four months, one of which was subsequently practically remitted, and one case for two months."

Mr. Untermyer sent a telegram today to Senator Lockwood and Assemblymen McWhinney and Jesse urging them to press the three proposed bills because the Donnelly Anti-Trust law has become worthless.

INSIST U. S. DEMAND ARMY BILL PAYMENT

Senate Leaders of Both Parties Call Attitude of Allies Unwarranted.

WASHINGTON, March 17.—Declaration that the United States should insist upon payment of its bill of \$241,000,000 for keeping American soldiers in Germany were made in the Senate by both party leaders—Senators Lodge, of Massachusetts, and Underwood, and Senator Borah, Republican, Idaho. Mr. Underwood also urged appointment of an American representative on the Allied Reparations Commission.

Both Lodge and Underwood charged the allies with attempting by a technicality "to oppose payment of the bill," while Senator Borah said the allies attitude was "entirely unwarranted."

Senator Borah called attention to reports that Premier Poincaré of France, had declared America has no legal right to collect.

"I have no doubt Secretary Hughes will work out some method of securing payment," said Senator Borah, adding that he was, however, primarily interested in having all American troops brought out of Germany.

MUCH FIRING ON BORDER LINE OF IRISH COUNTIES

Grave Anxiety Over Conditions at Tyrone and Monaghan.

BELFAST, March 17.—(By the Associated Press.)—Tension along the Tyrone-Monaghan border is increasing daily, and the population of these affected districts are filled with anxiety. Reports received in Belfast today from Aughnacloy, County Tyrone, stated that 200 additional members of the Irish Republican Army had motored to the frontier and taken up positions between that town and Caledon.

Flax mills and farm houses in that locality are being commandeered, and bridges and roads are made practically impassable. Traffic is possible only through fields and lanes.

Much firing went on last night. Hundreds of shots were heard by the sentry at the Aughnacloy special barracks. It was surmised that the Republican troops, fearing an attack, had fired at a group of men seen in the moonlight. Special constables from Aughnacloy and Caledon were on patrol duty in Lorrain all night.

ATTEMPT TO ROB TRAIN ON THE SANTA FE FAILS

Galesburg, Ill., March 17.—An attempt was made to rob the Aitchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Train No. 1 near Williamsfield, Ill., twenty-five miles from here, last night, when robbers threw several packages from the express car, presumably with the intention of returning later.

The express packages were recovered by the agent at Williamsfield. Harry Johnson, colored, riding "blind baggage" when it arrived at Galesburg, is being held on suspicion. Two other men escaped.

OLDEST ACTIVE TEACHER RETIRES AT AGE OF 90

GENEVA, Feb. 25 (By Mail).—"Papa" Males, who was reputed to be the oldest schoolmaster in the world on the active list, has just retired on his well earned pension at the age of ninety years.

He had been a teacher for seventy years and absent from his desk only twelve days through illness during that long period.

FOR COLDS, GRIP OR INFLUENZA, take a PREVENTIVE, LAXATIVE, QUININE Tablets. The genuine bears the name of W. W. Brown, Inc. Buy only the BROWN'S Advt.

TREASURY SHOWS BONUS BILL WOULD HURT RURAL BANKS

Even Such as Have Money for Loans Could No Longer Aid Production.

WOULD BOOST TAXES.

No Provision for Defaulting, Which Would Add Greatly to Public Debt.

By David Lawrence. Special Correspondent of The Evening World.

WASHINGTON, March 17 (Copyright, 1922).—Inasmuch as Chairman Fordney has stated the advantages of the new bonus bill he has drawn, Treasury officials are listing the disadvantages of the bill in the form proposed. These disadvantages are:

First, the country banks and the banks in agricultural districts which are already straining to the utmost to meet the demands for loans by farmers, and are already overloaded with loans, will find it hard to get the money to cash the certificates of the service men.

Second, the country banks which do have the money will have that much less to lend for productive purposes.

Third, the increase of at least \$500,000,000 in credits, is an inflation which might be justified if the money were to be employed in financing agricultural and manufacturing or other productive enterprises, but will prove a mere expansion of credit from an economic viewpoint.

Fourth, the whole transaction is an indirect Government credit and weakens the Government's position by about four billions of dollars, for Chairman Fordney now admits the burden by 1943 will amount to that much. An addition of more than four billions to a war debt of twenty-three billions is likely to depress the value of Government securities as a whole.

Fifth, the Fordney plan does not take into account the number of men who may default on their borrowings. Under the system proposed, a man who borrows one-half the total amount of his certificate will get the remainder of the value of his certificate in three years. In other words, the Treasury Department automatically will have to redeem the certificates held by the banks and also will be required at once to pay the service man the remaining sum due. This means that to get cash quickly the defaulting process will be resorted to. It will not be like defaulting on an ordinary loan, but will merely mean cashing in advance a certificate which is worth with interest a specified sum depending upon the number of days a soldier or sailor served in the war. While it is true that those who do not default will get a slightly increased amount in 1943 when the certificates cashed in advance, Treasury officials expect the majority of the service men will prefer to cash their certificates at the banks, while the banks in turn will look to the Treasury to redeem them within three years.

There's the whole criticism in a nutshell—the Treasury considers the Fordney plan to be disadvantageous to the banks during the next three years and then imposes a heavy burden after that on the Government itself. Instead of four billions of dollars to be added to the public debt in the next three years, the Treasury estimates that a large part of that amount would be added to the public debt in the next three years, the Treasury estimates that a large part of that amount would be added to the public debt in the next three years.

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Russian Vendor Of the Green Is Thanked in Court

Sold More St. Patrick's Day Badges to Jews Than Irishmen.

Nathan Harris, thirty, of No. 360 Broome Street, equipped with a variety of decorations appropriate to St. Patrick's Day, established himself at Broadway and 42d Street last night and hawked his wares to passing crowds.

Policeman Eberle questioned Nathan about the formality of a license.

"I'm a green one in this game," admitted Nathan, confessing he had no license.

"What part of Ireland do you come from?" inquired Magistrate Sweetenham in Night Court when Nathan was arraigned.

"Russia," replied Nathan.

"My friend Cohen," he continued, "said yesterday about selling green St. Patrick's badges. Cohen is an old business man and said I could sell on Broadway with big profits."

"How were the profits?" asked the Magistrate.

"Well, I'm not complaining," smiled Nathan. "Only I sold more to Jews than to Irishmen."

"Irishmen are proud of you, Harris, as well as of your friend and adviser, Cohen," said the Magistrate. "You have done a service for which they thank you. In consideration of this I suspend sentence."

"Thank you, Judge, and I wish you a merry St. Patrick's Day," was Nathan's return.

Wife Taught New Car Line Director His First Figures as He Mined Coal



Members of the household of John W. McElroy—Bessie McElroy, Mrs. McElroy, with Margaret standing in front of her; Mr. McElroy, holding youngest son, Vincent; Mary, Homer and William.

John W. McElroy, Labor Man, Elected to Philadelphia Rapid Transit Board.

PHILADELPHIA, March 17.—

John W. McElroy, labor man, who was made a Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company director after Thomas E. Mitten, President of the company, gained control at the annual meeting, lives with his wife and eight children at No. 2178 East Oakdale Street.

Mr. and Mrs. McElroy are "just folks." He has been in the employ of the Philadelphia Rapid Transit for the last eight years. He began as a laborer and is now a yardmaster.

and President of the Co-operative Welfare Association. His wife, Mary, is a small frail looking woman.

"Eight years ago we came to this city," she said. "We formerly lived in Minersville, Pa. At thirteen Mr. McElroy was a breaker boy in the mines and at sixteen was appointed to a clerkship in the local miner's union."

"He could not do arithmetic, you see, never having had the advantage of much schooling; so I taught him to figure. I only had to show him once. He is such an apt pupil. He was soon made Secretary of the Mine Workers' Local and we moved to Shamokin."

"He was very popular among the miners. He is also popular with the men here. Wednesday, when he left the house on his way to work, he said he would return home after a while, to get dressed for the meeting. He said

the men were kidding him, and telling him they intended making him a director."

"Indeed, I was delighted when he came back at supper time and told us he was a director. I could not realize at first what that meant. We have eight children and when they heard the news at supper they all congratulated him. However, at 8 o'clock he said he must be on his way to church to listen services."

"He sticks to his work, no matter how long the hours or how hard it may be. We will have been married twenty-four years next August and we have always been happy."

Mr. McElroy gave all credit to Mrs. McElroy.

"Well, I owe it all to my little wife here. She has helped me always. We had a hard struggle to raise so large a family on a small income but we managed it together."

men engaged in loading them from bundles carried from the schooner. Landing on the pier the Federal agents ordered the men to throw up their hands but the order was the signal for a general free-for-all fight.

One of the alleged smugglers drew a revolver and pressed it to the breast of McAdams, who was leading the party, but as soon as he had it thrust another agent, George Barron, struck him heavily over the head with the butt of his revolver. The man fell to the pier unconscious. Then another of the alleged smugglers attempted to shoot at James Lynch, another of the agents, when Gordon Pike and Albert O. Hokanson, Federal men, overpowered him.

The scuffle lasted about fifteen minutes, during which the Federal agents fired several shots in the air. The battle finally was terminated by the threat made by McAdams that if the alleged smugglers did not surrender they would be shot down.

Investigation revealed that the schooner bore the name of the Clara, but it is said she is the Viking of Gloucester.

One of the touring cars, driven by Joseph Spargo of No. 2575 Hughes Avenue, bore the license number of 544. The car was owned by M. Levy of No. 718 East 86th Street. Spargo attempted to slip away, but Lynch and Pike fired several shots after him and he raised his hands and begged them to stop.

The other car had the license number of one owned by Joseph Pantello of Mount Vernon.

According to members of the raid, a party some of the prisoners gave delicious names and addresses. Those of the twenty-five which had been listed follow:

Bernard Regal, No. 471 East 114th Street; Charles Goldberg, No. 553 Riverside Drive; Edward F. Dowling, engineer of schooner; Tony Vintik and his brother Patrick, No. 157 Fulton Street, Astoria; John Johnson, captain of the schooner, No. 414 East 14th Street; John Rowley, No. 598 East 149th Street; Moe Levy, No. 718 East 149th Street; Eugene Maruso, No. 124 Halcyon Street, Brooklyn; Ole Olson, No. 273 62d Street, Brooklyn.

Also Harry Hansey, deckhand of the schooner, no address; J. E. Jacobson, also a deckhand, no address; Magnus Nilsen, No. 619 53d Street, Brooklyn; Edward Johansen, No. 167 50th Street, Brooklyn; Joseph Hirsch, No. 54 East 111th Street; Oscar Fredrikson, No. 7923 Sixth Avenue, Brooklyn; Aleck Larson, No. 953 Third Avenue, Brooklyn; Tigmold Kalland, same address; Joseph Pantello, No. 553 South Sixth Avenue, Mt. Vernon; Joseph Spargo, No. 207 Hughes Avenue, the Bronx.

It developed after the seizure and the arrests that the Federal agents and the police of the Bronx had not been co-operating in seizures. Recently police of the Simpson Street Station seized a ship loaded with liquor and arrested several men charged with unloading it. At that time it was said that both Federal men and the police had been notified that six such ships were coming about the waters of New York awaiting an opportunity to land their cargoes of liquor. Federal men had no hand in the first seizure.

Last night word was sent to the Simpson Street Station of the raid, and six detectives were rushed to the Tiffany Street pier, but they were denied admission by the Federal men, and were requested to leave the dock.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY OBSERVED IN BERLIN.

BERLIN, March 17.—Ireland's national holiday was observed by Irish sympathizers in the German capital. The Irish envoy, Charles, gives a banquet to his countrymen this evening, after which an annual meeting of the German-Irish society is to be held, with oratory referring to the fraternal relations of the Irish and Germans.

TO AVOID CATCHING COLDS. Keep strong taking Laxative and Medicine No. 5149—Advt.

ALL CLANS JOIN BIG PATRICK'S DAY PARADE TO-DAY

(Continued From First Page.)

mittee on Arrangements, of which Supreme Court Justice Edward J. Gavan, Grand Marshal, is Chairman, met at the Manhattan Club for luncheon, where they were joined by Mayor Hylan. Following luncheon the committee went to the stand in front of the Metropolitan Museum of Art.

On the reviewing stand, in addition to the Mayor and other officials, were Gov. Miller, Archbishop Hayes, Auxiliary Bishop John J. Dunn and other dignitaries. The parade started promptly from 26th Street and Fifth Avenue at 2:15 o'clock and reached the reviewing stand an hour later.

First cheer greeted GALANT OLD 69TH.

The clear skies brought out a record breaking crowd even for Fifth Avenue, which got its first chance to cheer when the Sixty-ninth came swinging up the Avenue to the strains of "Garryowen," which Roosevelt said was the world's greatest marching tune. It is estimated there were forty thousand in the procession.

The police arrangements for the start were under Inspector Coleman, who had a thousand men to see that all streets were kept clear where divisions were formed, so that there were no hitches in the formation. Inspector Davis was in general charge with a thousand men strung along the line of march, taking care of the very large but extremely orderly crowd that backed the street from the curb to the building line.

THIRTY BATTALIONS IN THE LONG LINE.

Thirty battalions were entered in the official program, which included the Ancient Order of Hibernians, Clan-Na-Gael, Friends of Irish Freedom, Irish Counties organizations, World War veterans, Spanish-American War veterans and women's societies. Frederick J. Kennedy was Chairman of the Arrangements Committee. The parade was led by a platoon of mounted police, behind them the old 69th Infantry, under Col. Phelan, acted as honorary escort. After the regiment came the veterans of the Rainbow Division, Spanish-American War veterans, United American War veterans.

The Grand Marshal and his staff were preceded by the Catholic Protective Band and after them came the Chacon Point Military Academy band and cadets, the Joyce Kilmer Glee Club, the Xavier High School Cadets, and other organizations. Behind them was the March of the second battalion, composed of women, organizations and Irish clubs. The Queens Borough A. O. H. will be the chief organization in the third battalion, the Kings County A. O. H. in the fourth, the Bronx County in the fifth, and New York County in the sixth and seventh. Major Michael P. Healy will be Marshal of the New York County A. O. H. section.

The Gaelic League of New York State will comprise the 8th battalion; Napper Tandy Club will head off the 11th. The 13th will be made up of the Protestant Friends of Ireland, headed by the Right Rev. Patrick J. Carahan, Mythen. The Brooklyn units other than the A. O. H. will make up the 14th, 15th and 16th battalions, the 17th will represent the Borough of Richmond, headed by the Rev. William Caulley.

Irish counties organizations will make up the greater part of the remaining battalions. John M. Allen will be first aide to Grand Marshal.

IRISH CLUB GIVES \$654 FOR JEWISH RELIEF FUND.

A gift of \$654 "from the Irish to the Jews" was turned over to Judge Rosakowsky of the Court of General Sessions today by Thomas M. Parley, acting for the Thomas M. Parley Association, No. 393 East 62d Street. It goes to the Jewish relief fund for war sufferers in Europe.

"We raised the money at a meeting last night," Mr. Parley said. "Every penny of it is a voluntary contribution and it is all from Irishmen. To-day is a good day to contribute."

SERVICES IN ALL CATHOLIC CHURCHES IN BROOKLYN.

In Brooklyn St. Patrick's Day was marked by the celebration of solemn high mass in all Roman Catholic Churches of the diocese under instructions from Archbishop Hayes, which carried with it a request that special effort be made to encourage large attendance. Rev. John Cherry at St. James' Pro-Cathedral delivered a brief address on the spiritual significance of the day, no reference being made to political conditions in Ireland.

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QUEBEC WITNESSES BRIBED, IS CHARGE OF MRS. STILLMAN

Alleged Cases Cited in Plea for Canadian Hearing of Testimony.

Janice N. Mills, counsel for Mrs. Anne U. Stillman in defense of the divorce action brought against her by James A. Stillman, appeared before the Appellate Division in Brooklyn today to oppose an appeal made by counsel for Stillman, who wants to set aside the order for a commission to take testimony in Canada. Decision was reserved.

Sensational charges of bribery were made by Mills in support of his argument that the commission is necessary. Answering the assertion of counsel for Stillman that the evidence sought would be vague and immaterial, Mills said:

"Without going into the testimony of all the fifty-one witnesses, let me take three or four in the order in which their names appear in the application:

"Joseph Blackburn, residing at Rat River, Quebec, will testify that about July of 1920 J. Albert La Fontaine offered him money and a good position to take him to New York, where he would have a good time, if he would falsely say that he, Blackburn, saw Mrs. Stillman and Fred Beauvais at the little camp at Lake Dawson for ten days, and saw intimate and improper relations between them."

"Raoul Rivord, residing at Rat River, will testify that about June or July, 1920, and saw J. Albert La Fontaine giving drink to Joseph Blackburn, and heard him try to induce Blackburn to swear he saw improper relations between Mrs. Stillman and Beauvais."

"George Giguere, residing at Grande Anse, Quebec, will testify that about the same time, La Fontaine endeavored to get him to falsely swear that he saw Beauvais and Mrs. Stillman together and also to swear falsely that he himself had been intimate with Mrs. Stillman."

"If, as we propose to show, the statements of these witnesses are clearly false, and if we can establish that they received money in excess of their legitimate charges, it would seem as though it might very seriously affect the value of their testimony."

"It is utterly absurd to believe that the alleged goings-on of the defendant with Beauvais described by the five witnesses for Mr. Stillman as taking place at the camp could have transpired there under the eyes of the two older Stillman children—the daughter well on her eighteenth year and the son in his sixteenth—it is absurd to believe they were tolerated by them."

Almet F. Jenks, counsel for Stillman, argued that the order was obtained not in good faith but for the purpose of mere delay. He called it a "fishing expedition."

"May I not call it to your Honor's attention," said Mr. Jenks, "that any perjury committed in Canada cannot be punished in New York."

"Mrs. Stillman has had up to the present time \$115,000. With all respect, it seems to me that this now looks more like an investment than an investigation."

DISMISSAL INDICTMENTS AGAINST DETECTIVES.

Judge J. J. Mulvey, in the Court of General Sessions today, dismissed the indictments against Detectives Frank Gilliam, Isaac Mindheim and Alonzo Greer, all of the Westchester County, accused of unlawfully accepting gratuities for the recovery of stolen bonds. Detective Thomas Merlino was acquitted yesterday on a similar indictment. The defense was that the money received was not a gratuity but a reimbursement of expenses. The amount involved was \$1,400. The bonds recovered were valued at \$1,850,000.

CELEBRATES 37TH YEAR IN CITY CIVIL SERVICE.

Dr. William H. Guilfoyle, Registrar of Records of the Health Department and New York City, today celebrated the thirty-seventh anniversary of his appointment. The Civil Service Law was passed in 1884. Dr. Guilfoyle took the first examination, held in November of that year.

He resides at 642 West 158th Street. He is a graduate of the College of the City of New York and also of New York University Medical College, receiving the degree of Doctor of Public Health from the latter.

FUNERAL DIRECTORS.

When Death Occurs Call Columbus 8200 FRANK E. CAMPBELL "The Funeral Chaplain" (NON-SECTARIAN) Broadway at 66th St.

Spring is in the air—and smartness!

You must have new things—new shoes first of all!

THESE four shoes are typical of the latest CAMMEYER models for Spring.

As always, every shoe has a 64-year-old guarantee of merit stamped on it—the name—CAMMEYER.

Cammeyer "Shookids" are all solid leather—therefore the least expensive shoes for children that you can buy anywhere.

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MAYOR DENOUNCES BRONX PARK BILL

Republican Scheme to Beautify Harlem Branch of N. Y. C. Hyman Charges.

At today's meeting of the Board of Estimate Mayor Hyman attacked a bill at Albany, which he claims will make of the Bronx Parkway Commission's domain a princely cost many millions to the taxpayers of this city, who pay 75 per cent. of the cost and are not represented. According to the Mayor, the bill, sponsored by Republican leaders in Westchester, creates a police department for the commission and permits it to acquire new land and adopt ordinances for its own use.

"If Tammany Hall tried to do this thing the Republican leaders behind this bill are trying to do," said the Mayor. "The newspapers would be running scare heads, yet these people are no better than Tammany Hall. I'd say they were much worse."

"This Bronx Parkway stunt is nothing more or less than a plan to beautify the Harlem branch of the New York Central Railroad, 18th Ward, the Bronx Republican leader, William W. New and Frank A. Bethal are behind the Bronx Parkway scheme. They are very slick gentlemen. I will ask the Governor to grant a public hearing so that we can tell him what we think of the bill."

The bill the Mayor denounced is known as Assembly No. 504, and was introduced by Assemblyman Westfall.

YOUTH OF 16 TELLS OF HOLD-UP MURDER.

Was One of Four Attempting to Rob Druggist Slain in Store.

John Keough, sixteen, told today in the County Court in Brooklyn how Williams Evans killed Paul Gillman, druggist, in his store at No. 132 Court Street, Brooklyn, the evening of Feb. 23 last, during an attempted hold-up. Young Keough, with Evan's brother, Frank, and Stephen Collins, is under indictment on a first degree murder charge.

Keough said that the four were walking along Court Street when William Evans said, pointing to Gillman's store:

"We'll stick that place up."

Then, Keough said, all drank from a bottle of whiskey. They went to the drug store. According to their plans, Keough said, the Evans brothers were to go to the back of the store and overpower Gillman while Collins and Keough watched outside. While he was trying to open the register he heard muffled voices in the rear of the store and then a sound which he could not describe either as a shot or in any other way. Then, he said, all four got away.

BISHOP IN LEGAL FIGHT SEEKS TO OUST RECTOR.

Alleges Rector Heats and Vexatious Would Lead Bloat Astray.

CORTLAND, N. Y., March 17.—Bishop Charles Plake, head of the Episcopal Diocese of Central New York, today began a legal battle to oust the rector, Rev. Art Evans, from the Episcopal Church, this city, "who have openly defied his authority and led the church from the fold."

The complaint alleges "illegal election of Mr. Evans as rector." William R. Davis as vestryman and treasurer and of eleven others as vestrymen.

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